

C. Graphing 2-Variable Linear Inequalities

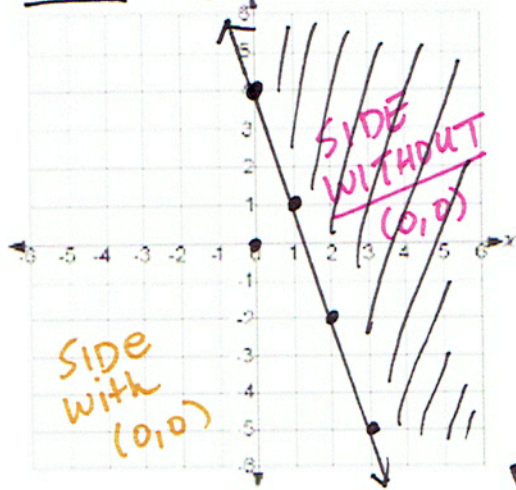
3 Steps:

STEP 1) Solid line (\leq or \geq) OR Dashed line ($<$ or $>$) ?

STEP 2) \longleftrightarrow **Boundary included!** Graph the line (you may need to put it into slope-intercept form) $\leftarrow \text{-----} \rightarrow$ **Boundary not included!**

STEP 3) Use test point $(0,0)$ to shade in the correct region.

Ex 1 $y \geq -3x + 4$



① solid line! (\geq)

② graph $y = -\frac{3}{1}x + 4$

Y-int: 4
slope: $-\frac{3}{1} \downarrow 3$
 $\rightarrow 1$

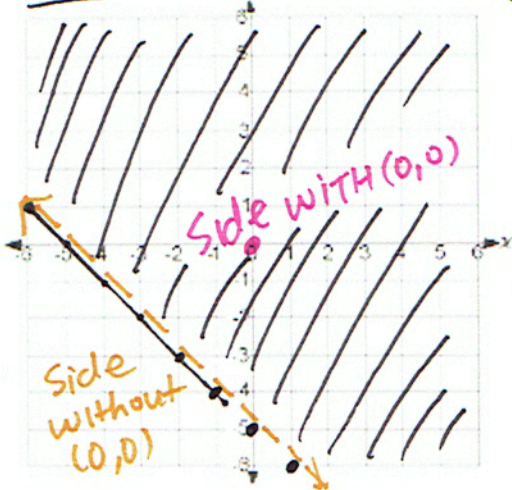
③ Plug in $(0,0)$

$0 \stackrel{?}{\geq} -3(0) + 4$

$0 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 4$ FALSE! $(0,0)$ not a soln.

\hookrightarrow shade in the side of the line WITHOUT $(0,0)$ \therefore

Ex 2 $y > -x - 5$



① Dashed line! ($>$)

② $y = -\frac{1}{1}x - 5 \quad \downarrow 1$
 $\rightarrow 1$

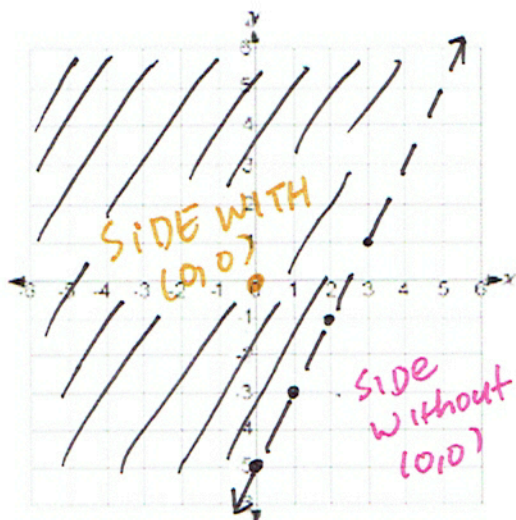
③ $0 \stackrel{?}{>} -0 - 5$

$0 \stackrel{?}{>} -5$

yes! $(0,0)$ is a soln!

\hookrightarrow shade in side of line WITH $(0,0)$

Ex 3 $y > 2x - 5$



① dashed line

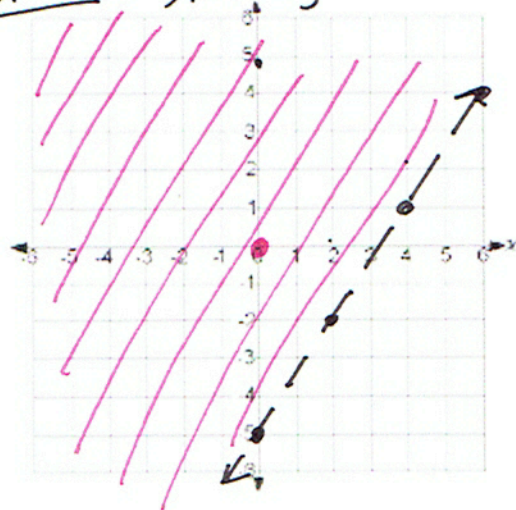
② $y = \frac{2}{1}x - 5$

③ $0 > 2(0) - 5$

$0 > -5$ yes! $(0,0)$ IS a soln.

↳ shade in the side WITH $(0,0)$

Ex 4 $3x - 2y < 10$



① Dashed line

② $3x - 2y < 10$ (put into slope-int form)

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 2y < 10 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline -2y < 10 - 3x \\ \quad -2 \quad -2 \end{array}$$

$$y > \frac{10}{-2} + \frac{3x}{+2}$$

Divide by -2; Flip the sign!

$$\boxed{y > \frac{3}{2}x - 5}$$

③ $0 > \frac{3}{2}(0) - 5$

$0 > -5$ True!

shade in side WITH $(0,0)$